

Falkland Islands National Accounts 2013 – 2023

Falkland Islands Government
Directorate of Policy, Economy & Corporate
Services



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INTRODUCTION

This report presents Falkland Islands National Accounts for the years 2013-2023. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) estimates are presented at both current (nominal) and constant (real) prices. Production accounts breaking down output by institutional sector and industry, and a generation of income account for the whole economy, are also included.

The document is divided into three parts. The first part explains what National Accounts are, and discusses some relevant concepts. The second part is a short narrative report highlighting the key figures and trends identified by the National Accounts. The third part is made up of data tables.

Major methodological changes were made during the compilation of 2011 and 2012 National Accounts, and 2008-2010 estimates were revised in line with the new methodology. Some corrections to 2014-2018 figures were made with the publication of the 2017 National Accounts, reflecting the availability of new data and minor methodological changes.

Moreover, it is important to point out that the last official population counts available are those published in the 2021 Falkland Islands Census report (according to which, resident population amounted to 3,328 in 2021). Note that resident population estimates for 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020 were based on a population growth model first developed in June 2018 by the FIG Policy, Economy & Corporate Services Unit, which aimed at projecting population growth in the Falkland Islands under a number of scenarios and based on a set of assumptions on natural population growth and net migration inflow (derived from an analysis of births and deaths data, as well as data from the FIG Customs & Immigration Department on the issue of Work Permits in recent years). In addition, resident population in 2022 and 2023 has been re-estimated by applying an average annual growth rate of 1.96%, which is derived from population change between the 2016 and 2021 Census. Accordingly in this report, we have revised the Gross Domestic Product per capital estimates to £83,570 in 2022 (previously, our Gross Domestic Product per capita estimate was £86,300 respectively).

PART I: INTRODUCTION TO NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

1. What are National Accounts?

- 1.1. National Accounts present data on economic activities taking place in a given geographic area over a period of time. The best known component of National Accounts is Gross Domestic Product (GDP), which is widely considered to be a key indicator of the health of an economy. National Accounts also provide valuable information about the structure of an economy, and can include a range of other economic indicators.
- 1.2. The System of National Accounts 2008 (SNA 2008), published by the United Nations, sets standards for the compilation of National Accounts. Falkland Islands National Accounts have, as far as possible, been prepared in line with these standards. However, due to limitations on data availability and statistical resource, the Policy, Economy & Corporate Services Unit does not compile a full set of National Accounts as defined in SNA 2008. Work has focused on compiling a production account and a generation of income account.

2. What is Gross Domestic Product?

- 2.1. Gross Domestic Product¹ measures the amount of economic activity occurring within a defined territory and time-frame. The Gross Domestic Product of an economy is equal to the sum of the Gross Value Added (GVA) by each institutional unit (i.e. each company, household etc.) within that economy.
- 2.2. GVA is equal to output less intermediate consumption (which in turn includes goods and services purchased from other institutional units and used in producing output – this does not include the compensation of employees of the unit, which therefore contributes to GVA).
- 2.3. GDP estimates can be presented at both current (nominal) and constant (real) prices. Current price estimates of GDP are compiled using prices prevailing in the year of measurement. For example, current price GDP for 2010 is compiled using 2010 prices to value the goods and services produced in that year, and current price GDP for 2011 values that year's output using 2011 prices. Changes in GDP at current prices are thus composed of changes in the volume of goods and services provided and changes in the prices of those goods and services. This makes current price GDP a poor measure of changes in the size of an economy, although for economies like the Falkland Islands that engage in large scale trade with the rest of the world, the prices received for export goods are clearly important for economic wellbeing.
- 2.4. Constant price estimates of GDP separate the change in volume of economic activity from the change in prices, and are a better measure of change in an economy over time. This is achieved by valuing output in all measurement years using prices from a given year (the base year). This means that changes in constant price GDP will reflect changes in the volume of goods and services produced only, rather than reflecting changes in prices too.

¹ "Gross" means that consumption of fixed capital (roughly, the extent to which capital assets used in the production process are "used up") has not been deducted.

3. Classifications used in National Accounts

3.1. National Accounts estimates can be analysed by institutional sector and by industry. Falkland Islands National Accounts are divided into four sectors, which reflect the nature of the institutional unit carrying out the activity:

- Non-financial and financial corporations²;
- General government;
- Households;
- Non-profit institutions serving households (NPISHs).

3.2. Institutional units can also be categorised according to the type of activity they carry out. Falkland Islands National Accounts use the Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities standard (ISIC, Rev.4), published by the United Nations, to classify economic activities by industry. The industry classifications used are³:

A01	Crop and animal production, hunting and related activities	K	Financial and insurance activities
A03	Fishing and aquaculture ⁴	L	Real estate activities
B	Mining and quarrying	M	Professional, scientific and technical activities
C	Manufacturing	N	Administrative and support service activities
D	Electricity, gas and steam supply	O	Public administration and defence; compulsory social security
E	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	P	Education
F	Construction	Q	Human health and social work activities
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	R	Arts, entertainment and recreation
H	Transportation and storage	S	Other service activities
I	Accommodation and food service activities	U	Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies
J	Information and communication		

3.3. Institutional units are generally classified according to their main economic activity. However, in cases where one institutional unit carries out significant volumes of more than one activity, overall figures for that unit are split according to the different activities it performs. Data for more than one industry may be aggregated in published data where this is necessary to preserve the confidentiality of institutional units.

² SNA 2008 recognises financial corporations and non-financial corporations as distinct sectors, but they are aggregated in Falkland Islands National Accounts due to the small number of units in the financial corporations sector.

³ 'Section T: Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services-producing activities of households for own use' is excluded from Falkland Islands National Accounts.

⁴ 'Fishing and aquaculture' excludes fishing in Falkland Islands waters by non-resident companies (i.e. jigging for illex squid under Type B licences).

PART II: FALKLAND ISLANDS GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT ESTIMATES

4. Gross Domestic Product

4.1. Table 1 shows annual GDP estimates in current prices and the annual percentage change in nominal GDP. Nominal GDP estimates for a specific year are compiled using prices prevailing in that year, therefore reflect changes in the volume of goods and services provided *and* changes in the prices of those goods and services.

Table 1. Gross Domestic Product and annual growth rate at current and basic prices

Millions of FKP (current and basic prices)												
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
GDP	204.3	160.3	175.1	213.4	281.9	217.8	256.7	254.4	257.9	276.7	278.6	280.4
Annual growth rate (%)	+10.6	-21.6	+9.2	+21.9	+32.1	-22.7	+17.9	-0.9	+1.4	+7.3	+0.7	+0.6

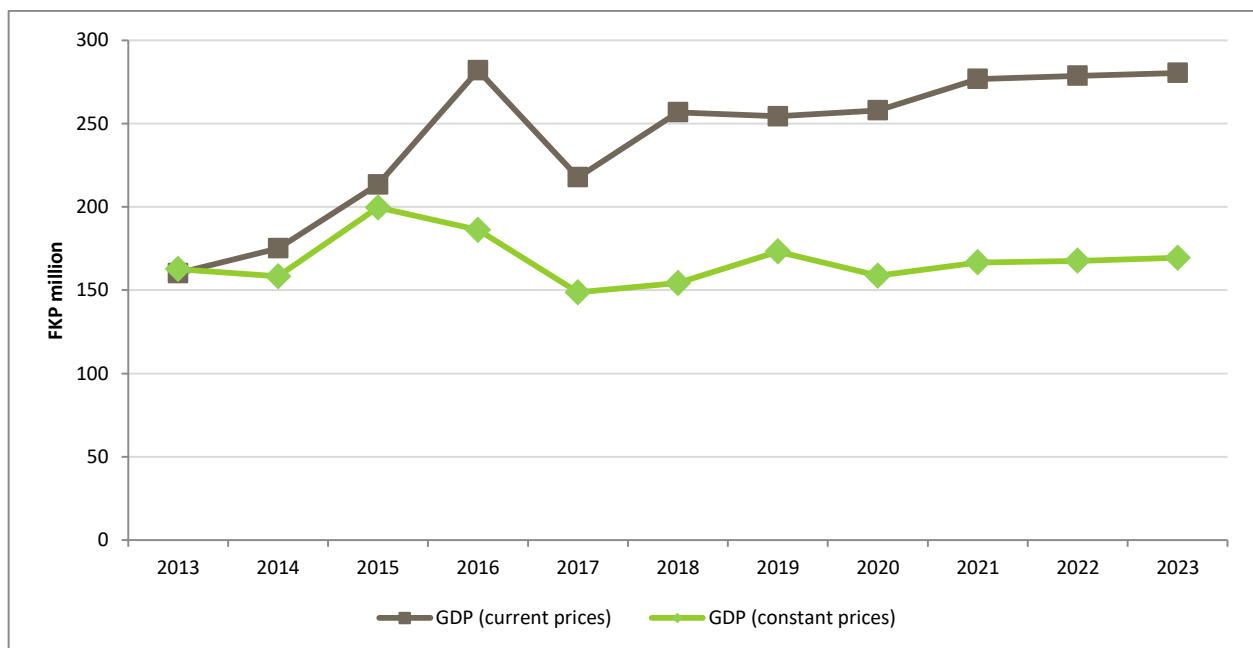
4.2. Table 2 shows annual GDP estimates in constant 2012 prices and the annual percentage change in real GDP. Real GDP estimates are derived by adjusting nominal GDP estimates for changes in prices, and reflect changes in the volume of goods and services produced only.

Table 2. Gross Domestic Product and annual growth rate at constant 2012 prices

Millions of FKP (constant 2012 and basic prices)											
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
GDP	162.6	158.3	199.6	186.2	148.7	154.3	173.2	158.7	166.6	167.6	169.4
Annual growth rate (%)	-20.4	-2.6	+26.1	-6.7	-20.1	+3.7	+12.3	-8.4	+5.0	+0.6	+1.1

4.3. Figure 1 compares the evolution of nominal and real Gross Domestic Product.

Figure 1. GDP at current and basic prices and GDP at constant 2012 prices



5. Breakdown by institutional sector

5.1. Table 3 shows how different institutional sectors of the economy contributed to nominal GDP in 2022 and 2023, and Figure 2 shows how this has changed over time.

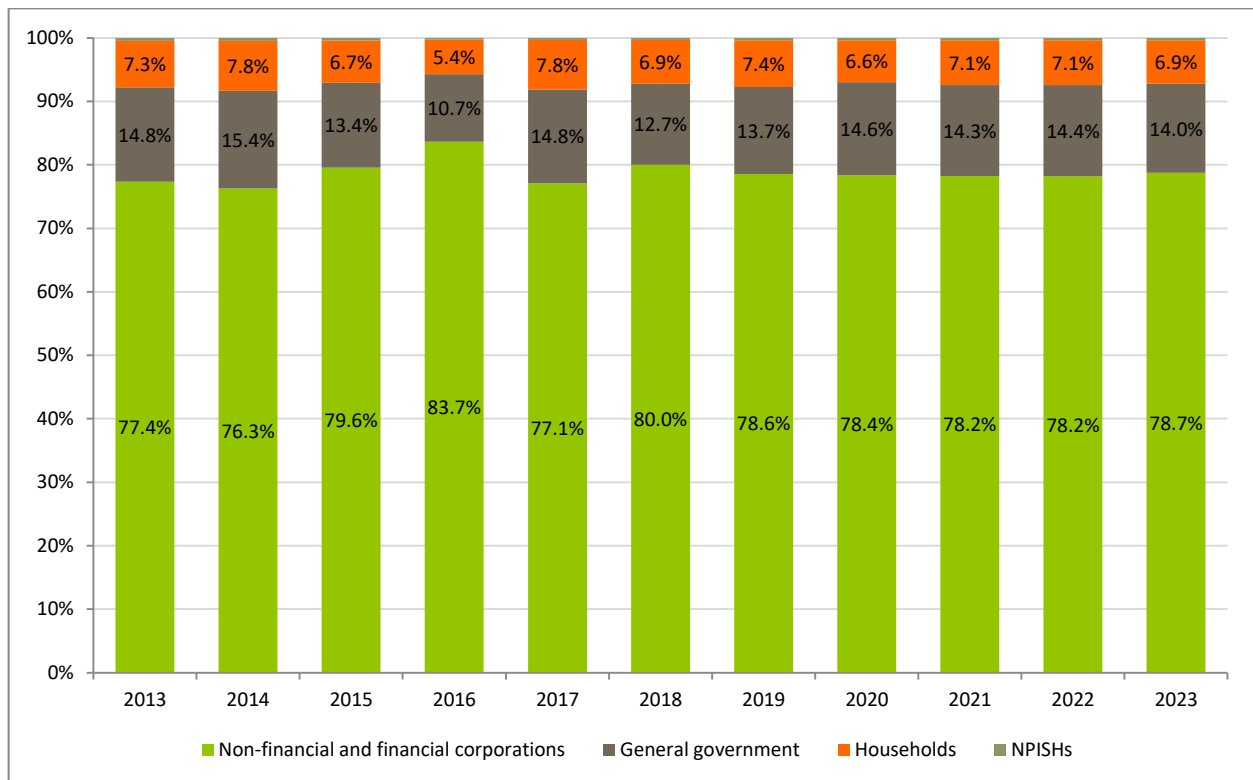
Table 3. Gross Value Added by institutional sector, at current and basic prices, 2022 and 2023

Millions of FKP (current and basic prices)

	Non-financial and financial corporations	General government ⁵	Households	NPISHs	Total economy
Gross Value Added, 2022	217.9	40.0	19.8	1.0	278.6
Per cent of total, 2022	78.2%	14.4%	7.1%	0.4%	100.0%
Gross Value Added, 2023	220.8	39.3	19.3	1.0	280.4
Per cent of total, 2023	78.7%	14.0%	6.9%	0.4%	100.0%

Note: Figures may not sum due to rounding

Figure 2. Gross Domestic Product by institutional sector, at current and basic prices



⁵ Including healthcare and education services provided by government.

6. Breakdown by industry

6.1. Table 4 shows the breakdown of nominal GDP by industry in 2022 and 2023. The categorisation of economic activities is based on the United Nations International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC)⁶. ISIC section A ('Agriculture, forestry, and fishing') is presented separately for agriculture (ISIC division 01) and fishing (ISIC division 03) to reflect the importance of these industries in the Falkland Islands. The ISIC category called 'Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industrial activities' consists mostly of oil related activities and is thus called here 'Oil and gas exploration, quarrying, manufacturing and other industrial activities'.

Table 4. Gross Value Added by economic activity, at current and basic prices, 2022 and 2023

Code	Industry	Millions of FKP 2022	Per cent of total 2022	Millions of FKP 2023	Per cent of total 2023
1-01	Crop and animal production and related service activities	7.3	2.6	7.5	2.7
1-03	Fishing and aquaculture	163.9	58.8	164.2	58.6
2	Oil and gas exploration, quarrying, manufacturing, and other industrial activities	9.7	3.5	9.6	3.4
2a	<i>Of which: manufacturing</i>	1.5	0.5	1.5	0.5
3	Construction	9.5	3.4	9.1	3.2
4	Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities	29.4	10.6	29.5	10.5
5	Information and communication	7.0	2.5	7.1	2.5
6	Financial and insurance activities	3.4	1.2	3.5	1.3
7	Real estate activities	8.0	2.9	8.6	3.1
8	Professional, scientific, technical, administrative and support service activities	4.8	1.7	5.0	1.8
9	Public administration and defence, education, human health, and social work activities	34.3	12.3	35.1	12.5
10	Other service activities	1.2	0.4	1.2	0.4
TOTAL	Gross Domestic Product	278.6	100.0	280.4	100.0

Note: Figures may not sum due to rounding

6.2. Fishing remains the largest economic activity in the Falkland Islands, accounting for approximately 59 per cent of nominal GDP in both 2022 and 2023. Between 2013 and 2023 the fishing industry's share of nominal GDP has varied between 36 and 63 per cent.⁸ Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities, construction and real estate activities, and public administration-related activities, also remain amongst the largest contributors. Figure 4 shows how real GDP has grown over time, providing a breakdown by industry.

⁶ The categories used are ISIC Rev. 4, but the titles have been adapted for Falkland Islands context for presentation purposes.

⁷ Other industrial activities include: electricity, gas, water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities (these latter, in turn, include demining activities).

⁸ Changes in the fishing industry's GVA in nominal terms are driven by changes in both catch and sale prices of fishery products. Changes in sale prices have represented the main driver of the recent increase in the industry's nominal GVA (see Figure 5). On the contrary, the fishing industry's GVA in real terms is driven by changes in catch of fishery products only, and has exhibited a more moderate variability in recent years (see Figure 4).

The ISIC does not recognise tourism (broadly defined to include the provision of accommodation, meals, and services to tourists) as a discrete industry – this is because industries are defined according to the activity they perform, not the identity of their customers. According to the Tourism Statistics Report published by the Falkland Islands Tourist Board, total inbound tourist expenditure in the Falkland Islands in 2023 was estimated at over £7.9 million, up 17.1% on 2022. In the Falkland Islands economy, tourism has indeed played an important role in boosting growth and continued to account for a noticeable portion of the upward trend in economic growth.

Figure 3. Gross Value Added by economic activity, at current and basic prices, 2023

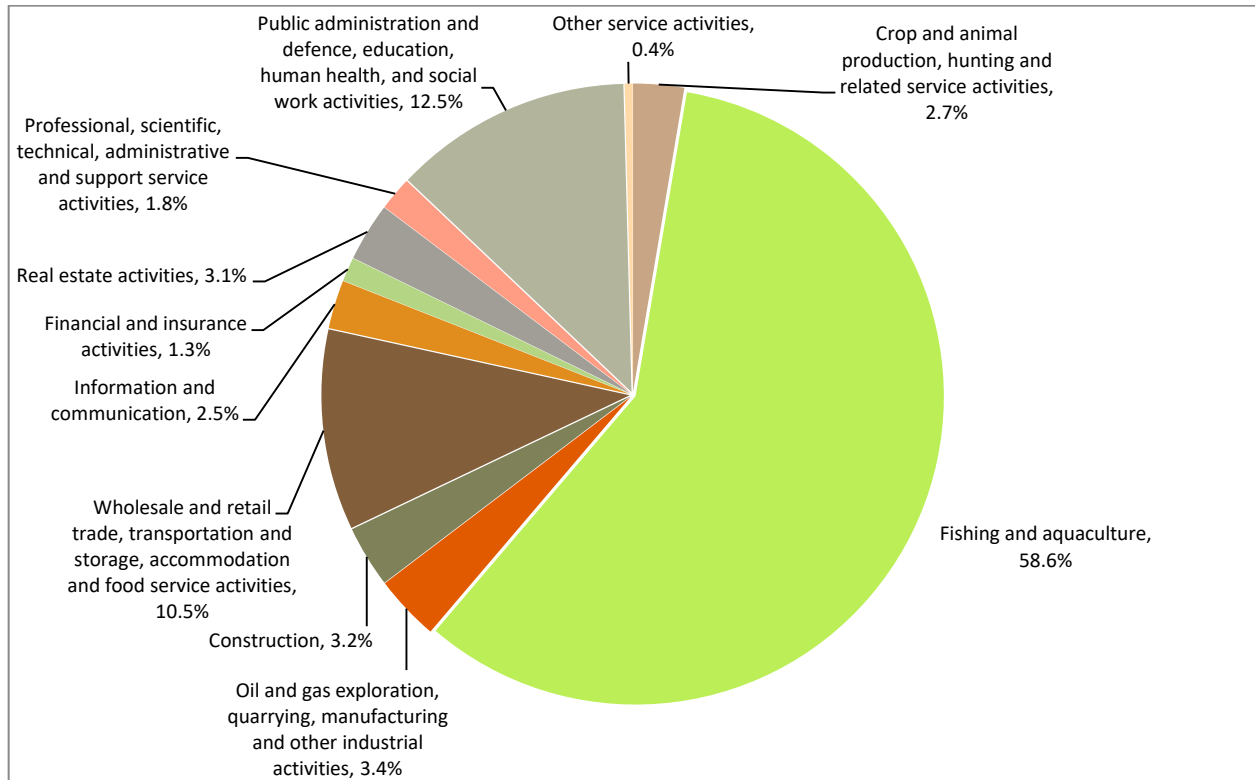
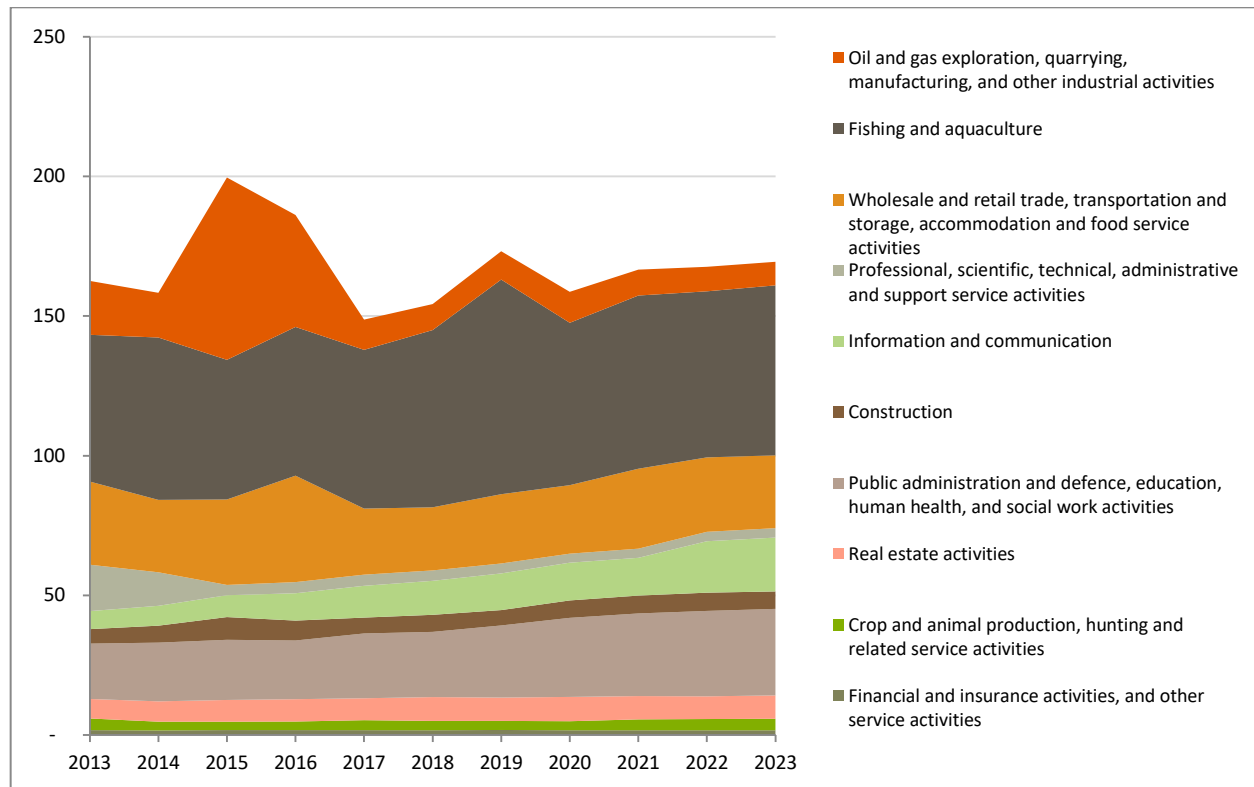


Figure 4. Gross Value Added by economic activity, at constant prices



Note: for a list of economic activities included within the group 'Other industrial activities', see Footnote 7.

7. Gross Domestic Product excluding resource sectors

- 7.1. A significant proportion of the Falkland Islands' Gross Domestic Product is generated in two economic sectors involved in the extraction and collection of natural resources, i.e. 'Fishing and aquaculture' and 'Oil and gas exploration and development'.⁹ These two sectors have exhibited a great degree of volatility in the past, therefore excluding them and estimating the net contribution to GDP of the other sectors of the economy (i.e. isolating the so-called 'non-resource GDP') is a useful exercise to monitor the health and sustainability of national economic growth.
- 7.2. Figure 5 shows how nominal GDP has grown over time, isolating oil and gas exploration and development, fishing and aquaculture, and non-resource sectors. The two resource economic sectors have been the main sources of volatility in the economy, while non-resource GDP growth has been less volatile over time.
- 7.3. Between 2013 and 2023, non-resource GDP has grown at a compounded average growth rate of +4.0% per year in nominal terms and +2.9% per year in real terms.

⁹ 'Oil exploration and development' includes economic activity carried out by oil and gas licensees in ISIC section B 'Mining and quarrying', as well as other economic activity directly related to oil and gas exploration, carried out by oil and gas licensees' supporting companies in other ISIC sections, namely section F 'Construction', section H 'Transportation and storage', section I 'Accommodation and food service activities', and section M 'Professional, scientific and technical activities'.

Figure 5. Gross Value Added, resource vs. non-resource sectors, at current and basic prices

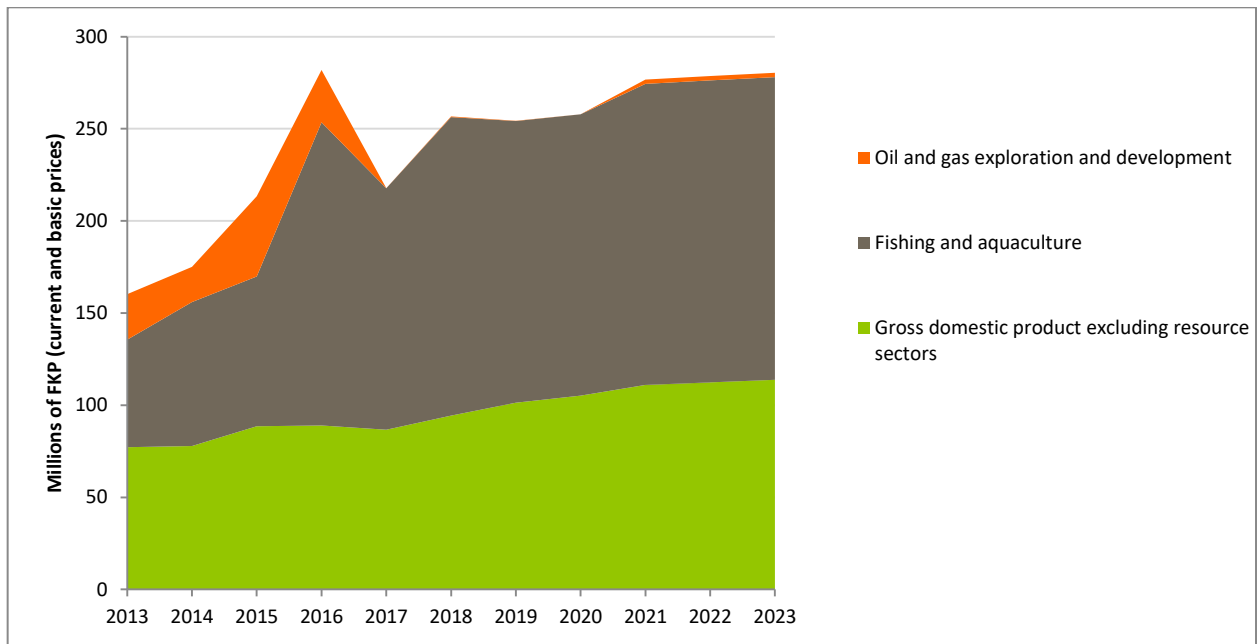


Table 5. Non-resource GDP and annual growth rate at constant prices

Millions of FKP (at constant 2012 and basic prices)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Non-resource GDP	81.5	78.4	87.2	87.4	90.0	90.7	96.3	100.6	104.0	107.5	108.0
Annual growth rate (%)	+1.9	-3.7	+11.1	+0.2	+3.0	+0.8	+6.1	+4.4	+3.4	+3.4	+0.4

8. Per capita Gross Domestic Product and Gross National Income

- 8.1. Gross Domestic Product per capita was £83,941 in 2023 (based on an estimated resident population¹⁰ of 3,328 in 2021), up slightly from £83,570 in 2022. Table 6 shows per capita GDP for 2013-2023 for the whole economy, as well as for the economy excluding oil and gas exploration and development¹¹, and for non-resource sectors only (i.e. the economy excluding both oil and gas exploration and development and the fishing sector).

Table 6. Gross Domestic Product per capita

Thousands of FKP (at current and basic prices)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
GDP per capita	60.0	62.8	73.4	93.0	71.5	82.5	78.8	79.9	83.1	83.6	83.9
GDP per capita, excluding oil & gas exploration activities	50.7	56.0	58.4	83.6	71.5	82.3	78.8	79.9	82.4	82.9	83.2
GDP per capita, non-resource sectors only	28.9	27.9	30.5	29.4	28.5	30.3	31.4	32.6	33.4	33.7	34.1

- 8.2. Many companies operating in the Falkland Islands are owned, wholly or partially, by shareholders resident overseas. Similarly, much of the labour in the Falkland Islands economy is performed by non-residents (particularly in the fishing and oil and gas industries). Therefore, Gross National Income (GNI) can be a better measure of the economic welfare of Falkland Islands resident individuals and companies than GDP.
- 8.3. GNI is an estimate of the income received by residents of an economy regardless of where the activity generating that income takes place, and is derived by adjusting GDP for net foreign income (i.e. income that Falkland Islands resident units receive from abroad, less income earned by foreign residents from economic activity carried out in the Falkland Islands).¹² GNI includes income streams such as licence fees and foreign investment income accruing to the government, as well as earnings retained by resident companies, and therefore is not equivalent to the average personal income of Falkland Islands resident individuals.
- 8.4. Estimates of GNI and GNI per capita are reported in Table 7. GNI per capita was £56,950 in 2023.

¹⁰ For the purposes of National Accounts, resident population is defined as the census population excluding people resident in MPC and including those temporarily absent during the census. Similarly, output produced by institutional units resident in MPC (e.g. civilian contractors serving only the military) is excluded from Falkland Islands GDP.

¹¹ These figures only partially reflect what the economic situation would be if oil and gas exploration activities did not exist. Among other things, local suppliers would experience reduced demand, and government revenues are impacted as well.

¹² 'Income earned by foreign residents' includes wages and salaries paid to non-residents workers, dividends distributed to foreign shareholders, as well as, e.g. in case of multinational joint ventures, a share of the operating surplus retained by the unit, in proportion to the percentage share of the unit owned by foreign shareholders. For example, we can assume that a hypothetical joint venture (resident in the Falkland Islands) is owned 50/50 by a Falkland Islands' resident company and a foreign company; in this case, the whole of its operating surplus would contribute to GDP, while only 50% of it (regardless of whether it is distributed as dividends to shareholders or retained within the company) would contribute to GNI.

Table 7. Gross National Income and Gross National Income per capita

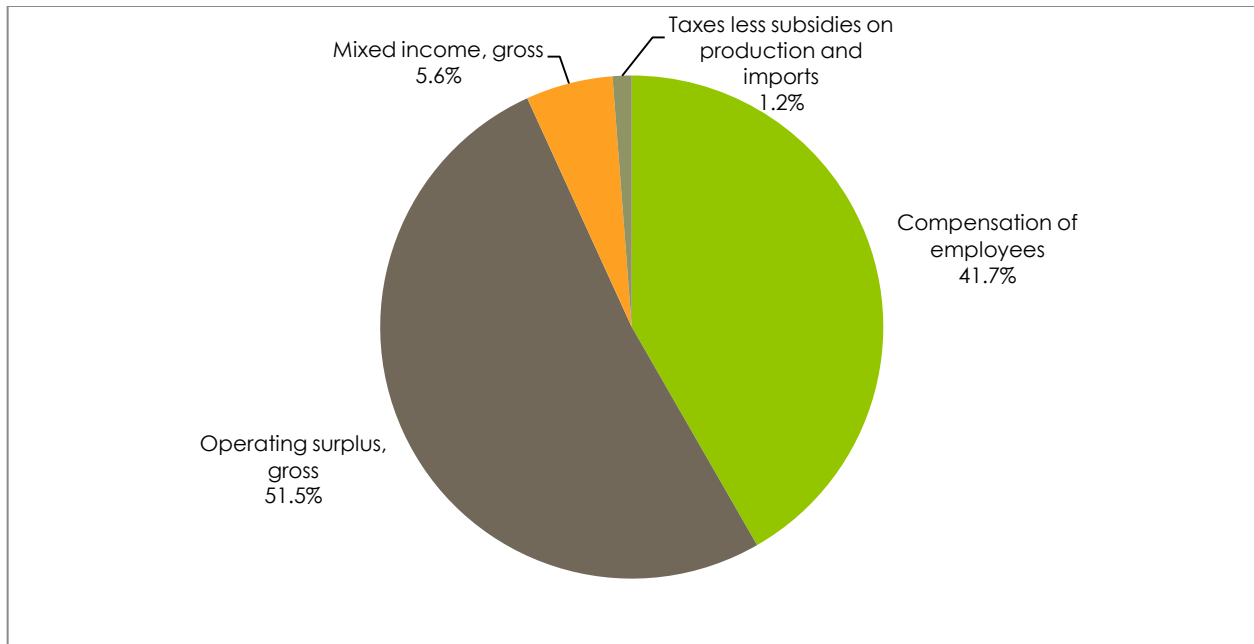
Thousands of FKP (at current and basic prices)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
GNI (millions of FKP)	124.5	142.8	171.2	148.9	164.0	168.2	172.0	189.0	190.4	190.3
GNI per capita (thousands of FKP)	44.7	49.1	56.5	48.9	52.7	52.1	53.3	56.8	57.1	57.0

9. Generation of income account

- 9.1. Figure 6 shows how primary income breaks down into gross operating surplus and mixed income, compensation of employees, and taxes less subsidies on production and imports. In 2023, £113 million was paid as compensation of employees, with a gross operating surplus of £139 million and gross mixed income of £15 million.
- 9.2. Operating surplus measures the surplus generated by production activities carried out by companies before interest and other payments on financial assets, taxes on profits, and rents on natural resources. Mixed income refers to the surplus received by households from production activities, which is made of compensation to business owners for the supply of both labour and capital to the business. Compensation of employees includes pension and social contributions in addition to wages and salaries.

Figure 6. Distribution of primary income in 2023



Technical notes

- For oil related activities, all corporations that had activities in Falkland Islands territory and were liable to pay Falkland Islands taxes have been included.
- For oil companies that hold licenses and rights for oil exploration and development in the Falkland Islands, capitalised exploration and appraisal costs have been included in output for own final use and intermediate consumption, whereas general overheads have been excluded from output for own final use.
- Administrative data, on which Falkland Islands National Accounts relies to a great extent, do not in every case contain sufficient information to distinguish intermediate from non-intermediate consumption. This may result in an overestimation of intermediate consumption and consequently an underestimation of value added.
- Agricultural production for own final consumption has not been accounted for.
- Compared to pre-2007 compilations of Falkland Islands National Accounts, the scope has been broadened significantly, for example, by including oil related companies more extensively. The method of calculating the production account has also been refined particularly with respect to defining intermediate consumption.
- Government services that are considered market output include the Public Works Department's Electricity, Housing, Quarry and asphalt business units. Falkland Islands Meat Company and Falklands Landholdings are now considered market output, while Falkland Islands Development Corporation, Falkland Islands Tourist Board, and Public Accounts Committee, are considered non-market output.
- Mount Pleasant Complex (MPC) is considered a 'rest of the world' territory for the purposes of National Accounts. Units operating exclusively in MPC have been excluded as non-resident.
- Fishing companies holding only type B licences (to fish for illex squid) are considered non-resident.
- Please note that except for general government, 2010 figures have been estimated on limited data compared to other years and are likely to have larger margins of error. This is because a complete company and self-employed dataset was not collected for 2010 in the same way as for the years 2008-2009 and 2013-2023. The 2010 main figures were estimated using other available data and should be used with caution. Estimating many of the more detailed figures was not possible and are marked as 'n/a' in the tables.

PART III: TABLES

Gross Value Added, constant 2012 prices

Gross Value Added											
<i>Constant 2012 and basic prices (millions of FKP)</i>											
ISIC Sections	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
A01 Crop and animal production, hunting and related activities	4.2	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.9	4.0	4.0
A03 Fishing and aquaculture	52.5	58.1	50.0	53.2	56.8	63.4	76.8	58.1	62.0	59.4	60.8
B Mining and quarrying	16.2	12.7	59.8	34.6	1.9	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6
C Manufacturing	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4
D Electricity, gas and steam supply	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.0	0.7
E Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	0.6	0.8	2.7	2.9	6.4	6.3	6.8	7.5	5.8	5.7	5.7
F Construction	5.2	6.1	8.1	7.1	5.7	6.1	5.5	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.2
G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	15.0	16.3	16.1	13.4	12.7	11.5	13.4	13.2	17.6	16.5	15.4
H Transportation and storage	12.1	7.3	11.7	21.2	8.1	8.2	8.4	8.2	7.9	7.3	7.9
I Accommodation and food service activities	2.7	2.3	2.7	3.5	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.1	3.1	2.9	2.7
J Information and communication	6.5	7.1	7.8	9.8	11.4	12.2	13.1	13.5	13.5	18.4	19.3
K Financial and insurance activities	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
L Real estate activities	7.0	7.3	7.8	8.0	7.9	8.5	8.4	8.7	8.3	8.1	8.4
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	14.9	10.5	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
N Administrative and support service activities	1.7	1.5	2.3	2.7	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4
O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	12.1	12.8	13.2	12.4	13.0	13.7	16.0	18.2	19.3	20.3	20.6
P Education	3.6	3.6	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.9
Q Human health and social work activities	4.1	4.6	4.4	4.5	5.9	5.1	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.5
R Arts, entertainment and recreation	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
S Other service activities	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
U Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
TOTAL (GDP)	162.6	158.3	199.6	186.2	148.7	154.3	173.2	158.7	166.6	167.6	169.4

Gross Value Added												
<i>Constant 2012 and basic prices (annual % growth rates)</i>												
ISIC Sections	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
A01 Crop and animal production, hunting and related activities	+3.0	-24.7	-4.6	+2.5	+16.2	-6.1	-3.1	-0.2	+20.5	+3.2	+2.1	
A03 Fishing and aquaculture	-32.6	+10.6	-14.0	+6.5	+6.7	+11.6	+21.1	-24.3	+6.7	-4.1	+2.3	
B Mining and quarrying	-65.3	-21.3	+370.6	-42.2	-94.5	-74.0	+25.4	+12.9	-8.0	+1.8	-1.4	
C Manufacturing	+9.0	+2.8	+8.0	-9.6	-1.3	-0.2	+13.8	-2.0	+0.6	-5.3	-5.0	
D Electricity, gas and steam supply	+2.5	-2.3	+9.2	+3.7	-8.5	+3.4	-5.3	+17.0	-3.7	-24.1	-23.9	
E Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	+6.3	+25.2	+254.4	+5.8	+124.3	-2.3	+9.3	+10.3	-22.8	-2.0	-0.3	
F Construction	-7.7	+17.1	+34.0	-12.4	-20.1	+7.5	-10.0	+13.5	+2.4	+2.2	-4.4	
G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	+32.0	+8.9	-0.9	-17.3	-4.8	-9.5	+16.1	-1.5	+33.6	-6.2	-6.6	
H Transportation and storage	-27.7	-39.8	+60.4	+81.0	-61.7	+1.3	+2.0	-1.9	-3.6	-8.5	+9.2	
I Accommodation and food service activities	+12.7	-13.6	+18.0	+29.3	-20.3	+1.2	+6.6	+2.5	-0.9	-6.6	-5.4	
J Information and communication	-3.5	+10.0	+10.1	+25.0	+16.2	+7.0	+7.9	+3.0	+0.0	+36.2	+4.7	
K Financial and insurance activities	+6.6	-5.4	+15.7	+9.1	-1.0	-10.8	+14.5	-4.8	+1.7	+0.5	+1.4	
L Real estate activities	+7.1	+4.3	+6.9	+2.8	-1.8	+8.7	-2.1	+4.1	-4.2	-2.6	+3.1	
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	+2014	-29.8	-86.7	-5.6	+17.9	-27.4	-15.7	+8.0	+0.3	+0.6	-1.4	
N Administrative and support service activities	-9.5	-9.3	+50.3	+17.0	-8.8	+6.7	+0.3	-15.5	+2.2	+3.7	+0.6	
O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	+5.6	+5.8	+3.1	-5.9	+4.6	+5.8	+16.6	+14.2	+5.9	+4.9	+1.6	
P Education	-0.2	-0.7	+8.9	+4.5	+5.0	+4.8	-0.2	+5.0	+1.8	+2.1	-0.3	
Q Human health and social work activities	-5.1	+12.9	-4.6	+1.7	+31.3	-13.7	+4.1	-0.1	+2.3	-0.9	+1.7	
R Arts, entertainment and recreation	+44.2	-39.9	+4.3	+6.6	-14.4	+21.2	-20.1	-9.2	-0.8	-4.8	-3.5	
S Other service activities	+13.0	+11.3	+14.2	-14.0	+0.3	+4.4	+13.6	-11.3	-2.8	-0.3	-2.2	
U Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies	+15.9	-9.4	-5.6	-2.0	+1.8	-2.0	-4.7	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	+0.0	
TOTAL (GDP)	-20.4	-2.6	+26.1	-6.7	-20.1	+3.7	+12.3	-8.4	+5.0	+0.6	+1.1	

Gross Value Added*Constant 2012 and basic prices (millions of FKP)*

ISIC A*10 categories	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
1-01 Crop and animal production, hunting and related service activities	4.2	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.9	4.0	4.1
1-02 Fishing and aquaculture	52.5	58.1	50.0	53.2	56.8	63.4	76.8	58.1	62.0	59.4	60.8
2 Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industrial activities	19.3	16.0	65.3	40.1	10.8	9.3	10.1	11.1	9.3	8.8	8.4
2a Of which manufacturing	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4
3 Construction	5.2	6.1	8.1	7.1	5.7	6.1	5.5	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.2
4 Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities	29.8	25.9	30.6	38.1	23.7	22.6	24.8	24.5	28.6	26.6	26.1
5 Information and communication	6.5	7.1	7.8	9.8	11.4	12.2	13.1	13.5	13.5	18.4	19.3
6 Financial and insurance activities	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
7 Real estate activities	7.0	7.3	7.8	8.0	7.9	8.5	8.4	8.7	8.3	8.1	8.4
8 Professional, scientific, technical, administrative and support service activities	16.6	12.0	3.7	4.0	4.0	3.7	3.6	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.4
9 Public administration and defence, education, human health, and social work activities	19.8	21.0	21.5	21.0	23.2	23.3	25.8	28.3	29.6	30.6	31.0
10 Other service activities	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
TOTAL (GDP)	162.6	158.3	199.6	186.2	148.7	154.3	173.2	158.7	166.6	167.6	169.4

Gross Value Added*Constant 2012 and basic prices (annual % growth rates)*

ISIC A*10 categories	2013	2014	2015	2016	2010	2018	2019	2020	2022	2023
1-01 Crop and animal production, hunting and related service activities	+3.0	-24.7	-4.6	+2.5	+16.2	-6.1	-3.1	-0.2	+3.2	+2.1
1-02 Fishing and aquaculture	-32.6	+10.6	-14.0	+6.5	+6.7	+11.6	+21.1	-24.3	-4.1	+2.3
2 Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industrial activities	-61.0	-17.0	+307.7	-38.6	-73.0	-14.0	+9.0	+9.3	-5.3	-3.8
2a Of which manufacturing	+9.0	+2.8	+8.0	-9.6	-1.3	-0.2	+13.8	-2.0	-5.3	-5.0
3 Construction	-7.7	+17.1	+34.0	-12.4	-20.1	+7.5	-10.0	+13.5	+2.2	-4.4
4 Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities	-2.4	-12.9	+18.1	+24.6	-37.9	-4.5	+9.8	-1.2	-6.9	-2.2
5 Information and communication	-3.5	+10.0	+10.1	+25.0	+16.2	+7.0	+7.9	+3.0	+36.2	+4.7
6 Financial and insurance activities	+6.6	-5.4	+15.7	+9.1	-1.0	-10.8	+14.5	-4.8	+0.5	+1.4
7 Real estate activities	+7.1	+4.3	+6.9	+2.8	-1.8	+8.7	-2.1	+4.1	-2.6	+3.1
8 Professional, scientific, technical, administrative and support service activities	+548.6	-27.7	-69.4	+8.5	-0.0	-6.5	-4.5	-9.3	+2.7	+0.0
9 Public administration and defence, education, human health, and social work activities	+2.1	+6.1	+2.4	-2.4	+10.4	+0.6	+10.6	+9.6	+3.4	+1.3
10 Other service activities	+19.0	-7.4	+4.1	-6.7	-1.0	+3.5	+1.4	-6.6	-0.6	-1.4
TOTAL (GDP)	-20.4	-2.6	+26.1	-6.7	-20.1	+3.7	+12.3	-8.4	+0.6	+1.1

Gross Domestic Product, excluding section A03 'Fishing and aquaculture' and all activities directly related to oil & gas exploration*Constant 2012 and basic prices (millions of FKP)*

ISIC category	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
S1 TOTAL ECONOMY	81.5	78.4	87.2	87.4	90.0	90.7	96.3	100.6	104.0	107.5	108.0
Annual % growth rate	1.9	-3.7	11.1	0.2	3.0	0.8	6.1	4.4	3.4	3.4	0.4

Gross Value Added, current prices

Gross Value Added											
<i>Current and basic prices (millions of FKP)</i>											
ISIC Sections	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
A01 Crop and animal production, hunting and related activities	3.3	3.5	3.3	3.8	5.4	6.6	8.1	5.3	7.0	7.3	7.5
A03 Fishing and aquaculture	58.3	78.1	81.3	164.5	131.0	162.0	152.9	152.7	163.4	163.9	164.2
B Mining and quarrying	6.2	10.8	42.0	11.7	3.1	1.0	1.1	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4
C Manufacturing	1.0	0.8	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.5
D Electricity, gas and steam supply	0.9	0.8	1.1	2.3	1.1	1.6	0.3	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0
E Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	0.6	0.2	1.5	1.4	4.6	5.0	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.8	4.8
F Construction	6.5	5.6	8.3	9.1	6.6	7.8	8.0	8.1	9.1	9.5	9.1
G Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	13.2	13.0	12.0	7.8	5.6	9.1	12.0	14.9	17.7	17.0	16.9
H Transportation and storage	11.0	5.8	11.1	27.8	6.4	9.1	9.2	8.3	8.7	8.9	9.0
I Accommodation and food service activities	3.1	2.5	3.4	3.4	3.0	3.3	3.2	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.5
J Information and communication	6.9	6.6	7.4	6.9	6.9	6.3	6.5	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.1
K Financial and insurance activities	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.9	3.5	2.3	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5
L Real estate activities	6.8	7.6	7.7	8.0	8.1	8.4	8.1	7.8	8.1	8.0	8.6
M Professional, scientific and technical activities	15.8	11.5	2.1	1.5	2.0	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5
N Administrative and support service activities	2.2	2.2	2.9	3.5	3.0	3.5	3.6	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.4
O Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	12.6	13.5	14.8	14.7	15.7	16.1	18.2	19.8	20.8	21.1	21.8
P Education	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.6	4.8	5.2	5.6	5.7	5.9	5.9
Q Human health and social work activities	3.9	4.4	4.8	4.9	4.9	5.6	6.3	7.1	7.3	7.3	7.4
R Arts, entertainment and recreation	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
S Other service activities	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
U Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
TOTAL (GDP)	160.3	175.1	213.4	281.9	217.8	256.7	254.4	257.9	276.7	278.6	280.4

Gross Value Added												
<i>Current and basic prices (% of GDP)</i>												
ISIC Sections		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
A01	Crop and animal production, hunting and related activities	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.4	2.5	2.6	3.2	2.0	2.5	2.6	2.7
A03	Fishing and aquaculture	36.4	44.6	38.1	58.4	60.2	63.1	60.1	59.2	59.0	58.8	58.6
B	Mining and quarrying	3.9	6.2	19.7	4.2	1.4	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9
C	Manufacturing	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
D	Electricity, gas and steam supply	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4
E	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	0.4	0.1	0.7	0.5	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7
F	Construction	4.1	3.2	3.9	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.2
G	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	8.3	7.4	5.6	2.8	2.6	3.6	4.7	5.8	6.4	6.1	6.0
H	Transportation and storage	6.9	3.3	5.2	9.9	2.9	3.6	3.6	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
I	Accommodation and food service activities	1.9	1.4	1.6	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
J	Information and communication	4.3	3.8	3.5	2.5	3.2	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.5
K	Financial and insurance activities	1.9	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.6	0.9	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3
L	Real estate activities	4.2	4.3	3.6	2.8	3.7	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.1
M	Professional, scientific and technical activities	9.9	6.6	1.0	0.5	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
N	Administrative and support service activities	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2
O	Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	7.8	7.7	6.9	5.2	7.2	6.3	7.1	7.7	7.5	7.6	7.8
P	Education	2.4	2.3	2.0	1.5	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1
Q	Human health and social work activities	2.5	2.5	2.2	1.8	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.6
R	Arts, entertainment and recreation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
S	Other service activities	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
U	Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
TOTAL (GDP)		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Gross Value Added											
<i>Current and basic prices (millions of FKP)</i>											
ISIC A*10 categories	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
1-01 Crop and animal production, hunting and related service activities	3.3	3.5	3.3	3.8	5.4	6.6	8.1	5.3	7.0	7.3	7.5
1-02 Fishing and aquaculture	58.3	78.1	81.3	164.5	131.0	162.0	152.9	152.7	163.4	163.9	164.2
2 Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industrial activities	8.7	12.7	46.0	16.6	9.9	9.1	6.9	8.9	9.1	9.7	9.6
2a Of which manufacturing	1.0	0.8	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.5
3 Construction	6.5	5.6	8.3	9.1	6.6	7.8	8.0	8.1	9.1	9.5	9.1
4 Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities	27.3	21.4	26.5	39.1	15.0	21.6	24.4	26.7	30.0	29.4	29.5
5 Information and communication	6.9	6.6	7.4	6.9	6.9	6.3	6.5	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.1
6 Financial and insurance activities	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.9	3.5	2.3	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5
7 Real estate activities	6.8	7.6	7.7	8.0	8.1	8.4	8.1	7.8	8.1	8.0	8.6
8 Professional, scientific, technical, administrative and support service activities	18.1	13.7	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.0	4.3	4.6	4.8	5.0
9 Public administration and defence, education, human health, and social work activities	20.4	21.8	23.7	24.0	25.2	26.5	29.7	32.5	33.9	34.3	35.1
10 Other service activities	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
TOTAL (GDP)	160.3	175.1	213.4	281.9	217.8	256.7	254.4	257.9	276.6	278.8	280.4

Gross Value Added											
<i>Current and basic prices (% of GDP)</i>											
ISIC A*10 categories	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
1-01 Crop and animal production, hunting and related service activities	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.4	2.5	2.6	3.2	2.0	2.5	2.6	2.7
1-02 Fishing and aquaculture	36.4	44.6	38.1	58.4	60.2	63.1	60.1	59.2	59.0	58.8	58.6
2 Manufacturing, mining and quarrying and other industrial activities	5.4	7.2	21.5	5.9	4.5	3.5	2.7	3.4	3.3	3.5	3.4
2a Of which manufacturing	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
3 Construction	4.1	3.2	3.9	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.2
4 Wholesale and retail trade, transportation and storage, accommodation and food service activities	17.0	12.2	12.4	13.9	6.9	8.4	9.6	10.4	10.8	10.6	10.5
5 Information and communication	4.3	3.8	3.5	2.5	3.2	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.5
6 Financial and insurance activities	1.9	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.6	0.9	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3
7 Real estate activities	4.2	4.3	3.6	2.8	3.7	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.1
8 Professional, scientific, technical, administrative and support service activities	11.3	7.8	2.4	1.8	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8
9 Public administration and defence, education, human health, and social work activities	12.7	12.5	11.1	8.5	11.6	10.3	11.7	12.6	12.3	12.3	12.5
10 Other service activities	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4
TOTAL (GDP)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Gross Value Added*Current and basic prices (millions of FKP)*

Institutional sectors		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
S11 & S12	Non-financial and financial corporations	124.0	133.6	169.8	235.8	167.9	205.4	199.9	202.1	216.5	217.9	220.8
S13	General government	23.8	26.9	28.5	30.0	32.2	32.7	34.8	37.8	39.6	40.0	39.3
S14	Households	11.8	13.7	14.2	15.3	17.0	17.8	18.8	17.1	19.6	19.8	19.3
S15	NPISHs	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0
S1	TOTAL ECONOMY	160.3	175.1	213.4	281.9	217.8	256.7	254.4	257.9	276.7	278.6	280.4

Gross Value Added*Current and basic prices (% of GDP)*

Institutional sectors		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
S11 & S12	Non-financial and financial corporations	77.4	76.3	79.6	83.7	77.1	80.0	78.6	78.4	78.2	78.2	78.7
S13	General government	14.8	15.4	13.4	10.7	14.8	12.7	13.7	14.6	14.3	14.4	14.0
S14	Households	7.3	7.8	6.7	5.4	7.8	6.9	7.4	6.6	7.1	7.1	6.9
S15	NPISHs	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
S1	TOTAL ECONOMY	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Production account¹³

S1 Total Economy												
<i>Current and basic prices (millions of FKP)</i>												
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Resources												
P1	Output	587.9	535.6	887.2	718.2	440.3	481.9	511.1	481.4	508.1	528.2	527.0
P11	Market output	389.5	364.0	519.5	466.9	371.8	422.9	444.4	409.5	434.0	449.1	447.6
P12	Output for own final use	159.6	127.8	322.1	205.7	18.2	8.0	8.3	8.5	9.3	9.5	9.2
P13	Non-market output	38.8	43.8	45.5	45.5	50.3	51.0	58.4	63.4	68.3	70.9	69.2
Uses												
P2	Intermediate consumption	427.6	361.6	674.9	437.2	223.7	226.2	257.9	224.7	320.1	339.8	337.4
D21	Taxes on products	0.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
D31	Subsidies on products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
B1g	Value added, gross / Gross Domestic Product	160.3	175.1	213.4	281.9	217.8	256.7	254.4	257.9	276.5	278.6	280.4
P51c	Consumption of fixed capital	18.0	19.2	25.6	25.1	23.1	24.6	27.6	29.1	30.7	31.5	30.8
B1n	Value added, net / Net domestic product	142.3	155.9	187.8	256.8	194.7	232.1	226.8	228.7	234.9	239.7	237.7

S11 & S12 Non-financial and financial corporations												
<i>Current and basic prices (millions of FKP)</i>												
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Resources												
P1	Output	517.4	456.2	806.0	635.4	351.2	389.8	407.3	375.2	396.4	410.7	409.9
P11	Market output	365.3	336.2	491.6	437.5	341.0	389.8	407.3	375.2	396.4	410.7	409.9
P12	Output for own final use	152.1	120.0	314.3	197.9	10.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
P13	Non-market output	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Uses												
P2	Intermediate consumption	393.4	323.7	637.3	400.5	184.5	185.5	208.6	174.3	271.3	286.1	284.8
D21	Taxes on products	0.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
D31	Subsidies on products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
B1g	Value added, gross / Gross Domestic Product	124.0	133.6	169.8	235.8	167.9	205.4	199.9	202.1	216.5	217.9	220.8
P51c	Consumption of fixed capital	8.9	9.1	14.5	13.8	10.9	12.4	13.5	14.6	14.9	15.3	15.1
B1n	Value added, net / Net domestic product	115.0	124.5	155.3	222.1	157.0	193.0	186.4	187.5	191.6	195.3	193.9

¹³ Non-market output is output that is offered at non-economically significant prices (including output offered for free). This would include goods and services provided by Non-Profit Institutions serving Households as well as most services provided by FIG, excluding housing, electricity, and quarry and asphalt products.

S13 General government*Current and basic prices (millions of FKP)*

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Resources												
P1	Output	49.7	56.0	57.4	57.0	62.8	64.9	74.5	79.0	81.2	88.4	87.1
P11	Market output	12.1	13.2	12.9	12.5	13.2	14.7	17.4	16.7	18.1	18.5	18.3
P12	Output for own final use	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4
P13	Non-market output	37.2	42.4	44.1	44.2	49.3	49.8	57.0	61.9	66.7	69.3	67.5
Uses												
P2	Intermediate consumption	26.0	29.1	28.8	26.9	30.6	32.2	39.7	41.2	39.6	44.1	43.3
D21	Taxes on products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D31	Subsidies on products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
B1g	Value added, gross/Gross Domestic Product	23.8	26.9	28.5	30.0	32.2	32.7	34.8	37.8	39.6	40.0	39.3
P51c	Consumption of fixed capital	4.2	4.5	5.4	5.3	6.0	6.0	7.4	8.1	8.5	8.8	8.6
B1n	Value added, net/Net domestic product	19.6	22.5	23.2	24.8	26.2	26.7	27.4	29.7	30.5	31.2	30.8

S14 Households*Current and basic prices (millions of FKP)*

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Resources												
P1	Output	19.2	21.9	22.3	24.4	25.1	25.8	27.7	25.6	28.8	27.4	28.2
P11	Market output	12.1	14.6	14.8	16.8	17.4	18.1	19.6	17.4	19.2	19.6	19.1
P12	Output for own final use	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.7	8.1	8.2	8.9	9.0	8.8
P13	Non-market output	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Uses												
P2	Intermediate consumption	7.4	8.2	8.1	9.1	8.1	8.0	8.9	8.5	8.6	8.8	8.5
D21	Taxes on products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D31	Subsidies on products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
B1g	Value added, gross / Gross Domestic Product	11.8	13.7	14.2	15.3	17.0	17.8	18.8	17.1	19.6	19.8	19.3
P51c	Consumption of fixed capital	4.8	5.6	5.7	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.6	6.4	7.1	7.2	7.0
B1n	Value added, net / Net domestic product	7.0	8.1	8.5	9.3	10.8	11.6	12.2	10.7	11.9	12.3	12.1

S15 Non-profit institutions serving households*Current and basic prices (millions of FKP)*

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Resources												
P1	Output	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8
P11	Market output	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
P12	Output for own final use	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
P13	Non-market output	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7
Uses												
P2	Intermediate consumption	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.8
D21	Taxes on products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D31	Subsidies on products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
B1g	Value added, gross / Gross Domestic Product	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9
P51c	Consumption of fixed capital	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1
B1n	Value added, net / Net domestic product	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

S1 Total Economy excluding A03 'Fishing and aquaculture', oil & gas exploration, and related activities*Current and basic prices (millions of FKP)*

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Resources												
P1	Output	171.3	174.1	193.6	190.5	188.2	193.5	223.5	223.5	230.4	246.7	244.5
P11	Market output	125.0	122.6	140.2	137.1	130.0	134.4	156.8	151.5	156.3	167.6	165.1
P12	Output for own final use	7.5	7.7	7.8	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.3	8.5	9.3	9.5	9.2
P13	Non-market output	38.8	43.8	45.5	45.5	50.3	51.0	58.4	63.4	68.3	70.9	69.2
Uses												
P2	Intermediate consumption	94.0	97.3	106.1	102.4	102.7	100.1	123.2	119.4	205.7	222.1	219.2
D21	Taxes on products	0.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
D31	Subsidies on products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
B1g	Value added, gross / Gross Domestic Product	77.2	77.8	88.6	89.0	86.7	94.4	101.4	105.2	113.2	114.8	116.0
P51c	Consumption of fixed capital	13.8	14.8	12.3	14.6	18.0	17.9	20.5	20.6	22.1	22.9	22.3
B1n	Value added, net / Net domestic product	63.5	63.1	76.3	74.4	68.7	76.4	80.8	84.6	91.1	91.9	93.7

Oil exploration and development*Current and basic prices (millions of FKP)*

		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Resources												
P1	Output	233.7	159.1	483.8	282.0	12.5	0.7	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
P11	Market output	81.6	39.0	169.4	84.1	2.2	0.7	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
P12	Output for own final use	152.1	120.0	314.3	197.9	10.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
P13	Non-market output	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Uses												
P2	Intermediate consumption	209.0	140.0	440.2	253.6	12.4	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D21	Taxes on products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D31	Subsidies on products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
B1g	Value added, gross / Gross Domestic Product	24.7	19.1	43.5	28.4	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
P51c	Consumption of fixed capital	0.5	0.5	9.4	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
B1n	Value added, net / Net domestic product	24.2	18.6	34.1	22.8	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

A03 Fishing and aquaculture*Current and basic prices (millions of FKP)*

		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Resources												
P1	Output	182.9	202.4	209.8	245.8	239.6	287.7	287.4	258.0	277.7	281.5	282.5
P11	Market output	182.9	202.4	209.8	245.8	239.6	287.7	287.4	258.0	277.7	281.5	282.5
P12	Output for own final use	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
P13	Non-market output	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Uses												
P2	Intermediate consumption	124.6	124.3	128.6	81.3	108.5	125.7	134.6	105.3	114.4	117.7	118.2
D21	Taxes on products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D31	Subsidies on products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
B1g	Value added, gross / Gross Domestic Product	58.3	78.1	81.3	164.5	131.0	162.0	152.9	152.7	163.3	163.8	164.3
P51c	Consumption of fixed capital	3.7	3.9	3.9	5.0	5.1	6.7	7.1	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.5
B1n	Value added, net / Net domestic product	54.6	74.3	77.4	159.6	126.0	155.3	145.8	144.1	154.7	155.2	155.8

Generation of income account

S1 Total Economy		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
<i>Current and basic prices (millions of FKP)</i>												
Resources												
B1g	Value added, gross / Gross Domestic Product	160.3	175.1	213.4	281.9	217.8	256.7	254.4	257.9	276.7	278.6	280.4
B1n	Value added, net / Net domestic product	142.3	155.9	187.8	256.8	194.7	232.1	226.8	228.7	234.9	239.7	237.7
Uses												
D1	Compensation of employees	81.5	87.3	115.3	104.1	90.9	98.8	102.9	103.6	108.4	111.7	112.5
D2	Taxes on production and imports	2.1	1.9	2.0	6.7	7.7	7.1	6.5	6.5	6.7	6.7	6.9
D3	Subsidies	1.6	1.5	1.3	3.0	2.8	2.6	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6
B2g	Operating surplus, gross	68.2	75.8	85.2	161.9	108.0	138.5	132.9	137.0	139.6	139.3	138.9
B3g	Mixed income, gross	10.1	11.6	12.1	12.2	13.8	14.9	15.9	14.3	14.8	15.3	15.1
P51c	Consumption of fixed capital on gross operating surplus	13.3	13.6	19.9	19.1	16.9	18.5	21.0	22.8	22.3	22.9	22.6
P51c	Consumption of fixed capital on gross mixed income	4.8	5.6	5.7	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.6	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.5
B2n	Operating surplus, net	54.9	62.2	65.3	142.8	91.1	120.1	111.9	114.2	115.1	115.6	115.3
B3n	Mixed income, net	5.3	6.0	6.4	6.3	7.6	8.8	9.3	7.9	8.2	8.3	8.1

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